

LOB-4: Reserving for Construction Risks Approaches you may find Useful

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Agenda

- General Liability
 - Construction Defect
 - Premises Exposure
- Workers Compensation
- Auto Liability
- Pollution Liability
- Professional Liability
- Subcontractor Default
- Builders Risk



Construction Defect

- Trigger
 - Accident date may be continuous and impact multiple annual policy terms
 - Triggers are different by state
- Completed Operations Coverage
 - Like Products Liability, provides insurance for claims resulting after a construction project is completed
 - This feels like Claims Made
 - Statute of Limitations/Repose

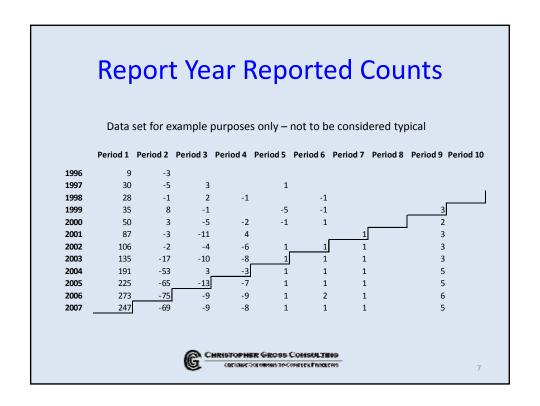


Accident Year Ultimate

- Current Case Incurred
- Case Development from the Report Year analysis – allocate to Accident Year
- True IBNR from Frequency-Severity process



Report Year Closed Counts Data set for example purposes only – not to be considered typical Period 1 Period 2 Period 3 Period 4 Period 5 Period 6 Period 7 Period 8 Period 9 Period 10 19 34 17 7 20 18 30 13 18 43 20 20 25 41 37 18 20 67 46 22



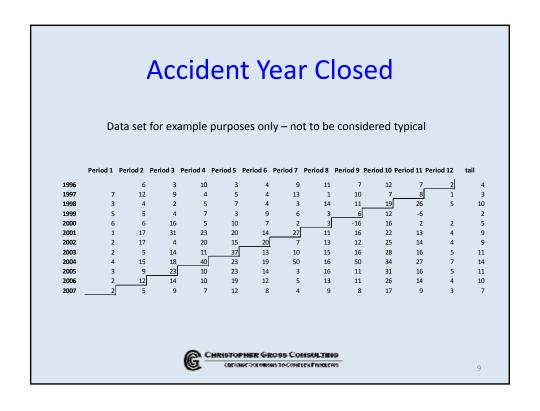


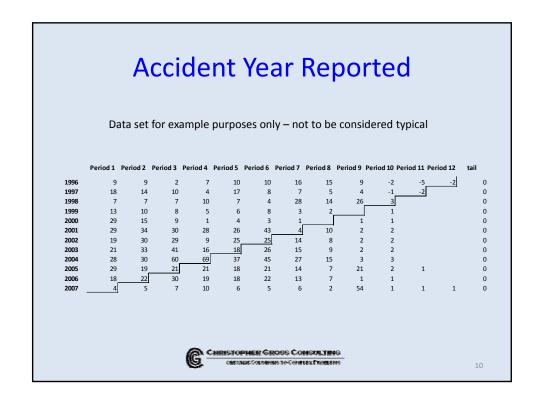
189 10,615,451 56,166

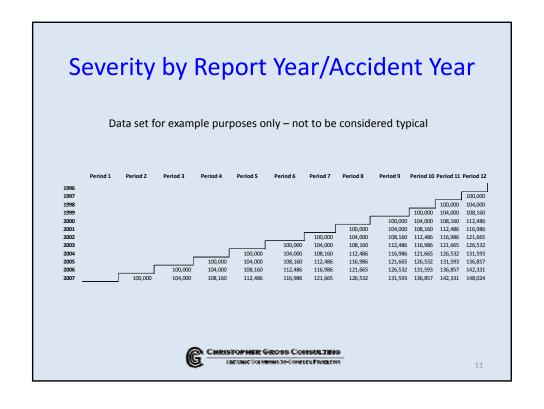
170 19,793,786 116,434

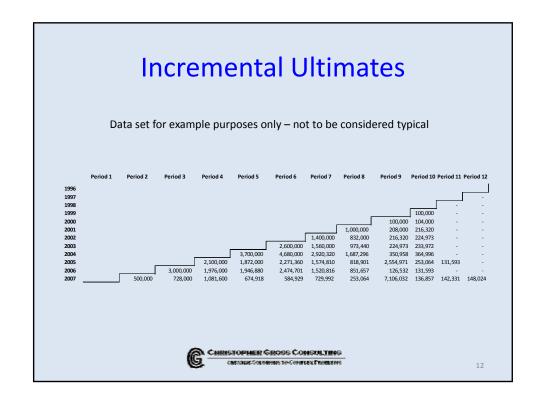
2006

2007









New Issues

- No known claims
- Severity may be determinable/homogeneous
- Potential for lack of coverage
- Hits the entire diagonal at once
- Do you include in overall data in the future



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Industry Data – Chinese Drywall

- Method 1: CPSC.gov Drywall Information Center
- Method 2: Import data (100,000 total homes)
- Method 3: Import data (36,000 total homes)

	Method One				Method 2			Method 3		
	Industry	Allocate	Company		# Homes	Company		# Homes	Company	
	Reported	Impacted	Market		Imported	Market		Imported	Market	
	<u>Incidents</u>	Home #	Share		by State	Share		by State	<u>Share</u>	
State 1	669	19,060	381			-		3,431	69	
State 2	227	6,467	129			-		1,164	23	
State 3	194	5,527	111			-		995	20	
State 4	249	7,094	142		14,500	290		3,887	78	
State 5	2,031	57,863	1,157		85,000	1,700		25,715	514	
State 6	140	3,989	80		500	10		808	16	
Total	3,510	100,000	2,000		100,000	2,000		36,000	720	



Added Adjustments

- Coverage triggers
 - Manifestation states with expiring/new policies
- How does the Pollution Exclusion apply
 - There may only be LAE in some states
- How does ALAE apply
- How do policy deductibles apply
- How do claims/claimants work in these states and for this policy
- How do policy aggregates apply
- Potential for BI Exposure

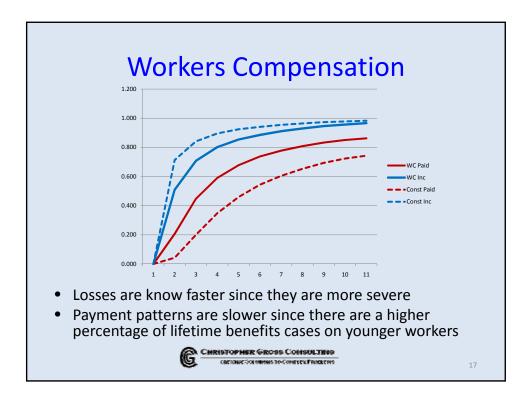


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GL Premises Exposures

- Mix
 - Premises versus Products
 - Construction Defect versus non
- Large Loss
 - Text
- High Severity / Low Frequency
 - Text
- Mix with Construction Defect
 - Different mix of overall Premises versus Products (Construction Defect) due to building type such as Commercial versus Residential versus Heavy Highway
 - Different Trades impacted differently
 - Jurisdictions





Auto Liability

- Higher Severity
- Many vehicles used primarily on the job site less frequency
- Use standard methods that allow you to cap losses and add back in a large loss load



Pollution Liability

- Sub limits
- Model as a percentage of General Liability if there are limited or no claims



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Professional Liability

- Claims made (usually)
- Known claims can "blow up" review open claims
- Look at frequency and the % of claims closed without payment to find the expected changes year to year



Subcontractor Default

- Surety data may be a good place to start
- Use frequency and severity methods with parameters based on the size of the subcontract
- Model for all subcontracts individually



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Builders Risk

- Buildings in progress values are variable
- Sprinklers, etc. may not yet be installed
- Unknown expiration date, is EP a good measure of exposure
- Do you have "Master" policies?
- Soft costs with delayed expiration date
- Additional insured impact on subrogation
- Impact of catastrophes, deductibles, etc.



Overall

- Higher Severity
- Losses with defined accident dates are known quickly
- Losses without defined accident dates impact the development in interesting ways



