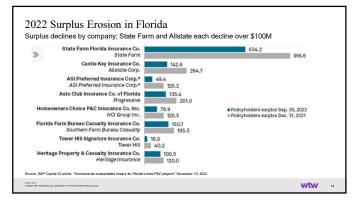


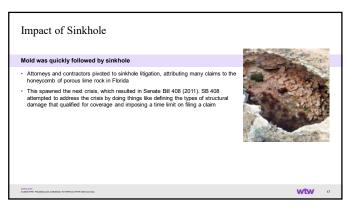
Ranked by YTD direct written	premium							
•	•	YTD direct business			YTD net business			
Individual insurance subsidiary	SNL P&C group name	Premiums written (\$M)		Incurred loss ratio (%)	Premiums written (\$M)	Loss ratio (%)	Combined ratio (%)	Ne Incom (\$M
Citizens Property Insurance Corp.	N/A	2,402.5	77.6	225.4	1,847.9	195.0	263.7	-2,118.
Universal Property & Casualty Insurance Co.	Universal Insurance Holdings Inc.	1,407.4	11.2	112.8	698.2	63.0	120.6	-78.
State Farm Florida Insurance Co.	State Farm	833.8	16.2	149.7	607.9	82.3	136,3	-164.
First Protective Insurance Co.	N/A	690.1	26.9	184.4	181.9	38.8	104.5	4.
Heritage Property & Casualty Insurance Co.	Heritage Insurance	522.7	2.8	164.2	220.2	63.6	117.7	-21.
American Integrity Insurance Co. of Florida	N/A	425.6	19.6	58.3	120.2	72.6	101.7	1,
ASI Preferred Insurance Corp.	Progressive	418.2	1.8	307.5	28.8	412.3	508.8	-87.
Slide Insurance Co.	N/A	394.5	NA	2217	170.8	59.6	87.1	6.
American Coastal Insurance Co. Inc.	UPC Insurance	385.5	23.8	100.5	169.3	15.7	76.2	25.0
Homeowners Choice Property & Casualty Insurance Co. Inc.	HCI Group Inc.	346.7	21.0	184.4	130.0	60.8	131.1	-17.
Security First Insurance Co.	N/A	307.1	1.0	82.3	64.8	55.2	105.2	-2
Tower Hill Insurance Exchange	Tower Hill	301.0	NA	417.6	6.9	213.0	117.0	-13.3



Market Turmoil		
	essed in more detail later) has had expenses restrictions and roof age restriction	
Insolvencies/runoffs since 2017	New Business Restrictions/Exits	Roof Age Restrictions
Sawgrass (2017)	Bankers	American Integrity
Florida Specialty (2019)	Centauri	Cypress
Gulfstream (2021)	<ul> <li>Florida Farm Bureau</li> </ul>	Frontline
American Capital (2022)	Heritage	<ul> <li>Safepoint</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Avatar (2022)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lexington</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>FedNat (2022)</li> </ul>	Monarch	
Lighthouse (2022)	<ul> <li>People's Trust</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>St. Johns (2022)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progressive</li> </ul>	
Southern Fidelity (2022)	<ul> <li>Southern Oak</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Weston (2022)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>TypTap</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>United P&amp;C (2023)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Universal Property and Casualty</li> </ul>	

#### Impact of Mold The challenges in Florida's property insurance market largely began in the late 1990s as the mold crisis migrated from Texas Texas was generally considered the epicenter of the mold crisis, but it quickly spread to Florida, aided by Florida's One-Way Attorney Fee statute A cottage industry developed based on a presumption that most water claims involved mold and that expensive remediation was needed to mitigate Carriers responded by proposing a \$10,000 sublimit. The Florida Office of Insurance Regulation (OIR) resisted which resulted in a count battle Within a year the industry won the right for a sublimit, most carriers adopted and the mold issue largely went away

16



17

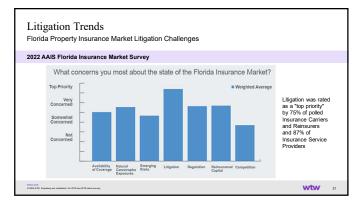


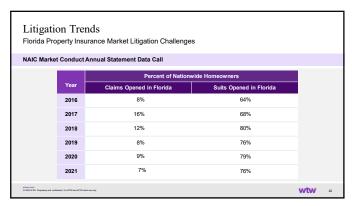
**wtw** 18

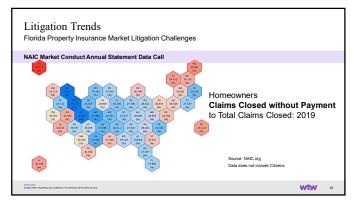
# What is Assignment of Benefits (AOB) agreement is formed when an insured signs a contract with a third party, usually a contractor, to step into the insured's shoes and pursue rights against an insurance company under the insured's policy • Significant increase in AOB agreements following Hurricanes Irma (2017) and Michael (2018), especially in first-party property insurance • Contractors took advantage of Florida's One-Way Attorney Fee statute which incentivized them to charge excessive amounts and pursue sometimes frivolous and expensive litigation against insurers • AOB legislation (House Bill 7065) designed to curb abuses took effect on July 1, 2019

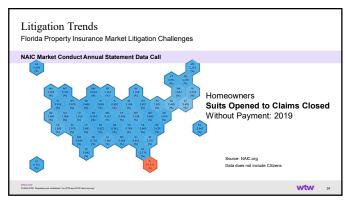
19

# HB 7065 was designed to curb AOB abuses AOB must be in writing (executed assignor and the assignee) Like a policyholder, assignees must cooperate with insurer Assignees must serve written notice at least 10 business days prior to filing suit One-Way attorney fees alread for AOB suits against insurers and attorney fees are discretionary When awarded, if the difference between the judgment obtained by the assignee and the pre-suit settlement offer is: Less than 25 percent of the disputed amount, the judgment obtained by the assignee and the pre-suit settlement offer is: At least 25 percent of the disputed amount, the disputed amount, only its entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees Insurers may issue policies excluding AOB under specified conditions

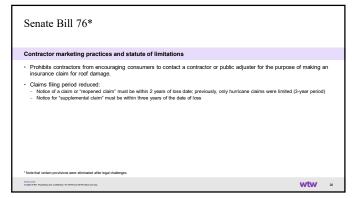








Florida loss development	is slower than non-Florida states	
Florida paid losses develop slower than non-Florida     Florida development does not appear to have changed over recent years despite reforms	Cumulative Paid Loss and DCC Net of Reins 1000% 1000%	
NOTES:  Source: Schedule P Part 3  Non-FL: largest FL companies with more than 75% of premium outside of FL  FL: largest FL companies with more than 75% of premium in FL	60.0% FL Paid Clu 40.0% FL Paid Clu	
willian com © 2023 NTW. Proprietary and sumblendad. For WYTH and WYTH client use only.		WtW 25



Senate Bill 76 Provisions of SB 76		
Notice of intent to litigate, attorney fee awards and notice of other lawsuits		
<ul> <li>Insured must notify insurer of intent to litigate at least 10 days prior to filing lawsuit.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Attorney fee awards depend on the results obtained in relation to the pre-suit demand and offer (like AOB rules)</li> </ul>	s)	
Every party to a lawsuit must provide notice of all other lawsuits involving the same property insurance policy as ame property.  The rocust on its own initiative or on the motion of a party, may consolidate all the lawsuits.  This reasure is designed to reduce the expense when defending multiple lawsuits concerning the same loss, such as a hon claim and a related AOB claim.		
witness com  © 2023 ETM: Proprieting and contribute. For YTMS and ETMS color (see only.	wtw	27

May 2022 Special Legislative Session on Property Insur	ance Refor	m		
he 2022 regular legislative session ended in March with no property insurance reform			 	
Governor Ron DeSantis called a special session in May – Legislature passed two bills (SB 2D - Senate Bill 2D - Contactor solicitation prohibitions – consumer is responsible for deductible	and 4D) signed May	26		
<ul> <li>Separate of deductible – insurance companies are allowed to offer separate roof deductible up to 2% of roof, whichever is lower</li> <li>Roof Age – insurer may refuse to issue a new or renewal policy for roof 15 years or older</li> </ul>	Coverage A limit or 50	1% or		
- Insurer may not refuse policy solely based on roof age if inspection indicates roof has 5 years or more of Homeowner responsible for cost of inspection - Additional changes related to:  - Bad fath lawsuits - Attorney reservated to AOB	f useful life			
Senate Bill 4D     Roof compliance – only the part of roof being repaired must be constructed with current building code     Condos – inspection and maintenance requirements				
november 1900 – Proposity god validated. To 1970 and 1970 chair an obj	wtw	28		

### Hurricane Ian Poor timing for a stressed market Fifth-strongest storm to hit the U.S. mainland since recordkeeping began over 100 years ago Projected economic losses around \$100 billion Projected insured losses of \$60 billion Created additional challenges for a market already in crisis Reinsurance capacity Rate adequacy Stressed financial statements

29

December 2022 Special Legislative Session on Property Insurance Reform

Senate Bill 2-A includes significant reforms

Assignment of benefits prohibited

One-way attorney fee provisions not allowed in suits arising under residential or commercial property insurance policies

New/reopened claim must be made within 1 year (was 2 years)

Supplemental claim must be made within 18 months (was 3 years)

Prompt pay requirements for insurers reduce the time:

to pay or deny a claim from 90 days to 60 days
to periew and acknowledge a claim communication from 14 days to 7 days
to begin an investigation from 14 days to 7 days

to begin an investigation from 14 days to 30 days (also applies to hurricane claims)

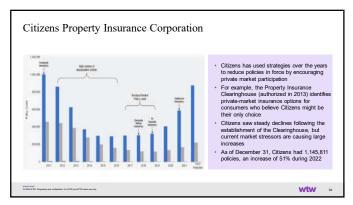
Offer for Judgment (Proposal for Settlement)
Formal legal process to facilitate settlement; prior to reform, joint offers not allowed and one-way attorney fees create risk for insurer
Reforms make this a powerful tool for insurers to negotate settlements and create risk for plaintiffs

# Precedent setting case? Insured filed a claim with homeowner's insurer: People's Trust People's Trust's investigation determined that certain damages were not covered and: denied coverage for the roof because Hurricane Irma was not the cause of damage denied coverage for interior water damage because damage was caused by age related "wear, tear, and deterration," which was not a covered loss admitted coverage for damage to the insured's soffit and fascia; however, cost of repair did not exceed the deductible Insured never informed People's Trust that he disputed its estimate or coverage determination The Circuit Court for the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit in Broward County ruled in favor of the insured for \$55,725 and awarded insured \$10,500 in attorney's fees People's Trust appealed to the District Court of Appeals for the Fourth District and the case was overturned. In order to collect attorney's fees one must prove: "the suit was filed for a legitimate purpose, and whether the filing acted as a necessary catalyst to resolve the dispute and force the insurer to satisfy its obligations under the insurance contract."

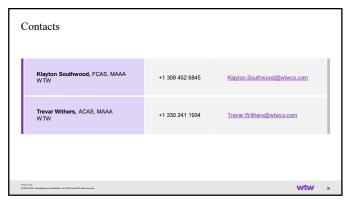
### Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund (FHCF) was created in November 1993 during a special legislative session after Hurricane Andrew Tax exempt state trust fund provides reimbursement to residential property insurers Funding primarily from actuarially-determined premiums paid by residential property insurance companies Backstopped by emergency assessments on broad P&C lines

32

## Citizens Property Insurance Corporation Citizens was created by the Florida Legislature in August 2002 as a not-for-profit, tax-exempt, government entity Provides property insurance to eligible Florida property owners unable to find insurance coverage in the private market Funded by policyholder premiums; rate changes subject to statutory limits Initially backstopped by potential assessments on its own policyholders Can also assess broad P&C lines Senate Bill 76 increases 10% cap on rate increases by 1% annually beginning in 2022 until reaching 15% in 2026. Is this enough? Senate Bill 2A effective January 1, 2023 Increased eligibility threshold: policy holders are not eligible after receiving a coverage offer less than 120% of Citizens' premium Increased potential rates for risks that are not primary residences Repealed rules allowing policyholders to return to Citizens at renewal



Key Takeaways
Historically, reforms have not addressed the underlying problem and insurers adjusted policy forms to address the symptoms. December 2022 reforms seem targeted to address the problem
Historically this included mold limitations, limits on screened enclosure coverage and redefining sinkholes In recent years, this expanded to water damage exclusions and buybacks In response to current and severe deterioration, emerging changes include: Limitation on matching Rod reductibles or rod schedules Alternative dispute resolution Benefits: maintains availability of coverage, moderates premium impacts, increases options for consumers Drawbacks: less coverage for meritorious claims, ineffective in addressing the underlying problem  December 2022 reform feels different attacking underlying cause of litigation costs Expected to reduce unreasonable awards and litigation costs
1 Titles and C 2001 1970. Proprieting and confidential Fire 1970 and 1970 claim can only.



wtw	